

Version: V.0.0.4

TelChem Sodium Metabisulphite Solution

Telford Industries

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	TelChem Sodium Metabisulphite Solution	
Chemical Name	Not Available	
Synonyms	Not Available	
Proper shipping name	BISULPHITES, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, N.O.S. (contains sodium metabisulphite)	
Chemical formula	Not Available	
Other means of identification	Not Available	

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant Identified Uses	Food preservative, oxygen scavenger and dechlorinating agent (water treatment, textile, etc), photo bath
	ingredient, reducer in chemical synthesis.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name	Telford Industries
Address	7 Valentine Street Kewdale WA 6105 Australia
Telephone	+61 8 9353 2053
Website	https://www.telfordindustries.com.au/
Email	info@telfordindustries.com.au

Emergency telephone number

Association/Organisation	Not Available
Emergency telephone numbers	1800 429 628
Other Emergency telephone numbers	1800 HAZMAT

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

 ${\bf HAZARDOUS\ CHEMICAL.\ DANGEROUS\ GOODS.\ According\ to\ the\ WHS\ Regulations\ and\ the\ ADG\ Code.}$

Poisons Schedule	S5
Classification	Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Category 1, Acute Toxicity (Oral) Category 4, Metal Corrosion Category 1

Label Elements

GHS label elements	
SIGNAL WORD	DANGER



Issue Date: May 2022

SDS No: 753

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Hazard statement(s)

H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
AUH031	Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P234	Keep only in original container.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P301 + P312	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P330	Rinse mouth.
P390	Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

No storage statement.

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.	P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations
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SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

CAS No	% [weight]	Name
7681-57-4	20 – 40	sodium metabisulphite
7732-18-5	balance	water

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

	If this product comes in contact with the eyes:
	Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water.
	Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the
Eye Contact	eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.
•	Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or for at least 15 minutes.
	Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.
	Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
	If skin or hair contact occurs:
	Immediately flush body and clothes with large amounts of water, using safety shower if available.
Skin Contact	Quickly remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.
Skin Contact	Wash skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by the
	Poisons Information Centre.
	Transport to hospital, or doctor.
Inhalation	> If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.
	> Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested.



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	Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible.
	Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask
	device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary.
	Transport to hospital, or doctor, without delay.
	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor at once.
	Urgent hospital treatment is likely to be needed.
	If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting.
	If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to
Ingestion	maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.
	Observe the patient carefully.
	Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious.
	Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink.
	 Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

- Water spray
- Dry chemical powder
- Carbon dioxide

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	None known.
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Advice for firefighters

	Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.		
Fire Fighting	Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus.		
	Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.		
	The material is not readily combustible under normal conditions.		
Fine/Francis and London	Not considered to be a significant fire risk.		
Fire/Explosion Hazard	Decomposition may produce toxic fumes of:		
	> sulfur oxides (SOx)		
HAZCHEM	2X		

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

	>	Clean up all spills immediately.
	>	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Minor Spills	Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.	
	>	Use dry clean up procedures and avoid generating dust.
	>	Place in a suitable, labeled container for waste disposal.



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	Drains for storage or use areas should have retention basins for pH adjustments and dilution of spills before discharge or disposal of material.
	> Clear area of personnel and move upwind.
	Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
	Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus.
Major Spills	Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.
	Consider evacuation (or protect in place).
	Collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling.
	Neutralize/decontaminate residue (see Section 13 for specific agent).
	Wash area and prevent runoff into drains.
	If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

	Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
	Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.
Safe handling	When handling DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.
Sale Halluling	Keep containers securely sealed when not in use.
	Atmosphere should be regularly checked against established exposure standards to ensure safe working conditions are maintained.
Other Information	> Store in original containers.
	> Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.
	Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.
	Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks.
	> Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

	>	Polyethylene or polypropylene container.
Suitable Container	>	Packing as recommended by manufacturer.
	>	Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
Storage Incompatibility	~	Contact with acids liberates toxic gas
	>	Slowly oxidized on exposure to air and moisture.
	>	Avoid exposure to heat.
	>	Incompatible with acids, oxidising agents.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material Name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Australia Exposure Standards	sodium metabisulphite	sodium metabisulphite	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material Name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
sodium metabisulphite	Sodium metabisulphite	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available



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Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
sodium metabisulphite	Not Available	Not Available

MATERIAL DATA

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.	
Personal Protection		
Eye and Face protection	 Safety glasses with imperforated side shields may be used where continuous eye protection is desirable, as in laboratories; Chemical goggle. whenever there is a danger of the material coming in contact with the eyes; goggles must be properly fitted. Full face shield (20 cm, 8 in minimum) may be required for supplementary but never for primary protection of eyes. 	
Skin protection	See Hand protection below	
Hands/feet protection	> Elbow length PVC gloves	
Body protection	See Other protection below	
Other protection	 Overalls. PVC Apron. PVC protective suit may be required if exposure severe. Eyewash unit. Ensure there is ready access to a safety shower. 	
Thermal hazards	Not Available	

Respiratory protection

Type B-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear and colourless liquid.		
Physical state	Liquid	pH as a Solution	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Molecular Weight (g/mole)	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Flammability	Not Applicable
Relative density (water=1)	1.2 – 1.4	Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable
Colour	Not Available	Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable
pH (as supplied)	Acidic	Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available
Melting point/Freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Solubility in water (g/L)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
	Product is considered stable.
Chemical stability	Avoid acids and oxidising agents.
	Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.



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Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce either adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract following inhalation (as classified by EC Directives using animal models).	
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the material may be harmful;	
Skin Contact	The liquid may be miscible with fats or oils and may degrease the skin, producing a skin reaction described as non-allergic contact dermatitis. The material is unlikely to produce an irritant dermatitis as described in EC Directives. Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material. Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects.	
Eye	When applied to the eye(s) of animals, the material produces severe ocular lesions which are present twenty-four hours or more after instillation.	
Chronic	Limited evidence suggests that repeated or long-term occupational exposure may produce cumulative health effects involving organs or biochemical systems.	

Product Name	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
sodium metabisulphite	Oral (rat) LD50: >1540 mg/kg ^[1]	Not Available
water	Oral (rat) LD50: >90000 mg/kg ^[2]	Not Available

^{1.} Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances

	Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ceases. This may
sodium metabisulphite	be due to a non-allergenic condition known as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (RADS) which can occur
	following exposure to high levels of highly irritating compound.

Acute Toxicity	✓	Carcinogenicity	0
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	0	Reproductivity	0
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	✓	STOT – single exposure	0
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	0	STOT – repeated exposure	0
Mutagenicity	0	Aspiration Hazard	0

Legend:

- $m{\times}$ Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification
- $\checkmark-\textit{Data required to make classification available}$
- ∅ − Data Not Available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Ingredient	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
sodium metabisulphite	LC50	96	Fish	150 – 220 mg/L	2
sodium metabisulphite	EC50	48	Daphnia	89 mg/L	1
sodium metabisulphite	EC50	72	Algae	48 mg/L	3
sodium metabisulphite	EC50	17	Bacteria	56 mg/L	3
Legend:	3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12	Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data			



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Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
water	LOW	LOW

Bio accumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation	
water	LOW (Log KOW = -1.38)	

Mobility in Soil

Ingredient	Mobility
water	LOW (KOC = 14.3)

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product/Packaging disposal	>	Containers may still present a chemical hazard / danger when empty.
	>	DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.
	>	In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations.
Trouble dokaging diopocal	>	Consult manufacturer for recycling options or consult local or regional waste management authority.
	>	Decontaminate empty containers. Observe all label safeguards.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	2X

Land transport (ADG)

UN Number	2693	
UN proper shipping name	BISULPHITES, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, N.O.S. (contains sodium metabisulphite)	
Transport Hazard class(es)	Class	8
	Sub Risk	Not Applicable
Packing group	III	
Environmental Hazard	Not Applicable	
Special precautions for user	Special provisions	274
	Limited quantity	5 L

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

UN Number	2693	
UN proper shipping name	BISULPHITES, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, N.O.S. (contains sodium metabisulphite)	
Transport Hazard class(es)	ICAO/IATA Class	8
	ICAO/IATA Sub Risk	Not Applicable
Packing group		



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Environmental Hazard	Not Applicable	
	Special provisions	Not Applicable
	Cargo Only Packing Instructions	Not Available
	Cargo Only Maximum Qty/Pack	Not Available
Special precautions for user	Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions	852
	Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty/Pack	5 L
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions	Y841
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack	1 L

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

UN Number	2693	
UN proper shipping name	BISULPHITES, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, N.O.S. (contains sodium metabisulphite)	
Transport Hazard class(es)	IMDG Class	8
	IMDG Sub Risk	Not Applicable
Packing group	III	
Environmental Hazard	Not Applicable	
Special precautions for user	EMS, Fire	F-A
	EMS, Spillage	S-B

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code Not Applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

SODIUM METABISULPHITE (7681-57-4) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

WATER (7732-18-5) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

National Inventory	Status	
Australia - AICS	Υ	
Canada - DSL	Υ	
Canada - NDSL	N (sodium metabisulphite, water)	
China - IECSC	Υ	
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Y	
Japan - ENCS	N (water)	
Korea - KECI	Υ	
New Zealand - NZIoC	Υ	
Philippines - PICCS	Υ	
USA - TSCA	Υ	
Legend:	Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)	



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SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

Definitions and abbreviations

Name	CAS No		
PC-TWA	Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average	PC-STEL	Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit	TEEL	Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit
IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations	OSF	Odour Safety Factor
NOAEL	No Observed Adverse Effect Level	LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
TLV	Threshold Limit Value	LOD	Limit Of Detection
оту	Odour Threshold Value	BCF	BioConcentration Factors
BEI	Biological Exposure Index		

END OF SDS